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THE INTEGRATION OF IMMERSIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN TOURISM EDUCATION: A CASE ANALYSIS OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN UNIVERSITIES

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ABSTRACT

This study explores how immersive technologies such as virtual reality, augmented reality, artificial intelligence, and data analytics are being integrated into tourism education at universities across Southeast Asia. Using a case analysis approach, it examines the application of virtual expeditions, digital storytelling, elearning platforms, and simulations to enhance student engagement and industry readiness. The findings highlight both opportunities and challenges in implementing these technologies, emphasizing the need for strategic curriculum development, faculty training, and industry collaboration to align education with evolving tourism sector demands.

Keywords: Tourism Education, Immersive Technologies, Virtual Reality, Artificial Intelligence, Southeast Asia, Digital Storytelling, E-learning, Data Analytics.

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1. Introduction

The landscape of education is undergoing a significant transformation, with technology emerging as a pivotal force reshaping how learning is delivered and experienced. In contemporary educational settings, technology is no longer viewed merely as a supplementary tool but as an integral component that enhances both teaching methodologies and learning experiences. This evolution has been further accelerated by global events that have necessitated a re-evaluation of traditional pedagogical approaches and a greater reliance on digital solutions.¹

Within this evolving educational paradigm, the tourism industry in Southeast Asia holds a position of considerable global importance.⁵ The sector is a substantial contributor to the economies of numerous countries in the region ⁶, making the preparation of technologically skilled graduates a critical imperative for universities. The tourism industry itself is increasingly dependent on technology for various facets of its operations, including marketing, service delivery, and customer engagement, thereby creating a demand for a workforce proficient in relevant digital skills. Higher education institutions in Southeast Asia, therefore, play a crucial role in adapting their programs to equip graduates with the competencies required to navigate and contribute effectively to this technologically driven industry.

Immersive technologies, encompassing virtual reality (VR), augmented reality (AR), and mixed reality (MR), present unique and compelling opportunities to create highly engaging and experiential learning environments within tourism education. These technologies possess the capacity to transcend geographical limitations, simulate real-world scenarios that might otherwise be inaccessible, and facilitate a deeper understanding of complex concepts through direct experience. This paper will explore the integration of these immersive technologies within tourism education programs at universities in Southeast Asian countries. Employing a case analysis approach, this research will examine real-life situations and unique teaching and learning phenomena related to the use of various technological tools. The subsequent sections will delve into specific technological applications, including virtual expeditions, immersive learning, digital storytelling, destination marketing utilizing advanced storytelling, data analytics, e-learning platforms for global collaboration, digital marketing simulations, and artificial intelligence, analyzing their implementation and impact within the context of Southeast Asian higher education institutions.

The COVID-19 pandemic served as a major turning point, compelling educational institutions across Southeast Asia to rapidly adopt online learning platforms.¹ This abrupt shift

exposed both educators and students to the potential of digital tools, fostering a greater openness and readiness for the integration of more advanced immersive technologies like VR and AR. Furthermore, the sustained growth of the tourism industry in Southeast Asia directly amplifies the necessity for graduates who possess not only a solid understanding of tourism principles but also proficiency in the cutting-edge technologies that are driving the sector's evolution. Universities in the region are thus tasked with adapting their curricula to align with these evolving industry demands, ensuring that their graduates are well-prepared to be competitive and successful in the contemporary job market.

2. Virtual Expeditions: Immersive Geographical and Cultural Exploration

Virtual expeditions, in an educational context, can be understood as technology-enabled experiences that allow students to undertake virtual journeys to various destinations. These expeditions offer an immersive way to explore diverse cultures, iconic landmarks, and historical sites without the practical and financial constraints associated with physical travel. The pedagogical benefits of virtual expeditions are manifold, including enhanced student engagement through interactive experiences, improved spatial understanding of geographical locations and cultural contexts, and significant cost-effectiveness when compared to organizing and executing physical field trips.⁸

Several instances illustrate the application of virtual expeditions in educational settings, providing insights relevant to tourism education in Southeast Asia. While a direct case study from a Southeast Asian university was not immediately evident, research from nearby regions and the broader educational sector offers valuable perspectives. Kyoto University of Foreign Studies in Japan, for example, implemented a project where students in the Department of Global Tourism were trained to utilize Google Tour Creator to develop virtual tours of their hometowns. These students then guided their classmates through these virtual environments in English, using smartphones paired with mini VR glasses. The primary aim of this initiative was to integrate vocational training, specifically the development of guiding skills, with language learning. Notably, the scale of this project expanded considerably due to the global shift to online learning during the COVID-19 pandemic, eventually involving approximately 150 third-year students across the entire global tourism program. The initial emphasis on combining language acquisition with tourism-specific skills like guiding underscores the recognition that effective communication is paramount in the global tourism industry. Virtual reality offers a practical and engaging platform for students to hone these skills in a contextually relevant

manner. The seamless transition of this VR-based activity to a distance learning format also highlights the inherent adaptability of such technologies in maintaining educational continuity during disruptive events like global health crises.

The CESTour project, a collaborative effort involving European and Asian partners, engaged students in the analysis of case studies. ¹⁰ Although not exclusively centered on virtual expeditions, this project demonstrates a broader academic interest in employing case study methodologies within international collaborations in tourism education. Furthermore, Te Herenga Waka—Victoria University of Wellington in New Zealand developed a virtual tourism experience designed for school students, allowing them to virtually 'visit' Peru. ⁸ This tool, built using virtual reality gaming software and later adapted into a web-based version for wider accessibility, aimed to enhance students' understanding of different cultures and the sustainability aspects of tourism in destinations like Machu Picchu. An earlier iteration of this tool focused on an island in Fiji, indicating the potential for VR to provide immersive case studies of specific destinations within the Asia-Pacific region. The development of a web-based version of the VR tool, accessible without specialized hardware, points towards a trend in making immersive learning experiences more widely available and affordable for educational institutions.

A separate case study conducted in Japan explored the use of smartphone VR in tourism education, where students were tasked with creating virtual tours of their hometowns.² This initiative, similar to the one at Kyoto University of Foreign Studies, aimed to merge vocational training with language learning. The utilization of readily available technology such as smartphones for these VR tours represents a practical and cost-effective strategy for implementing virtual expeditions in educational settings, particularly for universities that may have budget constraints for specialized VR equipment. While these examples highlight the use of virtual reality in tourism education within an Asian context (including Japan), specific case studies detailing the implementation of virtual expeditions within universities located in *Southeast Asian countries* were less prominent in the initial research. This observation suggests a potential area for further investigation, as it may indicate that the adoption of virtual expeditions in Southeast Asian tourism education is either in its nascent stages or that research and documentation of such initiatives are not yet widely available in English-language sources.

3. Immersive Learning Technologies: Creating Engaging and Experiential Education

Immersive learning technologies extend beyond virtual expeditions to encompass a wider array of tools and techniques that aim to create a strong sense of presence and active engagement for learners. In the context of tourism and hospitality education, these technologies include simulations, interactive scenarios, augmented reality applications, and other digital tools that provide hands-on, experiential learning opportunities. These methods can be particularly effective in allowing students to practice and develop skills in various aspects of tourism and hospitality management within a controlled and risk-free environment.

Several examples illustrate the application of immersive learning technologies in higher education, including within Southeast Asia. The Bachelor of Business (Tourism and Hospitality) program at Global Academy at Siam University in Thailand, for instance, incorporates simulations as a key pedagogical tool. These simulations are designed to provide students with hands-on experience and develop practical skills in areas such as accounting, marketing, project management, and data analysis. The integration of simulations across diverse business functions within a tourism and hospitality program underscores the recognized value of experiential learning in adequately preparing students for the multifaceted demands of the industry. By engaging with simulated real-world business scenarios, students can apply the theoretical knowledge they have acquired in a safe and controlled setting, thereby fostering their problem-solving abilities and building confidence in their competencies before they enter the professional sphere.

The Asian Institute of Hospitality Management (AIHM) in Thailand, which operates in academic association with Les Roches, places a significant emphasis on experiential learning and the development of practical skills within its Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) in Global Hospitality Management program. While the provided information does not explicitly detail the use of specific immersive *technologies* in the traditional sense (like VR or AR), the unique setup of AIHM's campuses provides an inherently immersive learning environment. The campuses are strategically located within operational luxury hotels – the Avani+ Riverside Bangkok Hotel for the Bangkok campus and the Royal Garden Plaza Pattaya for the Pattaya campus. This setup effectively blurs the lines between traditional classroom learning and direct exposure to the real-world hospitality industry. The location of AIHM within functioning hotels creates an innately immersive educational experience, allowing students to observe and potentially participate in the daily operations, thus gaining firsthand insights into the practicalities of hospitality management.

PIB College in Bali, Indonesia, offers a Sustainable Tourism Destination Management program that integrates a variety of hands-on learning methods, including workshops, field trips, and project-based learning.¹⁷ Notably, the program specifically features an "AI in Tourism Workshop".¹⁷ The inclusion of a workshop focused on artificial intelligence within a sustainable tourism program indicates a growing recognition of the critical role that AI is beginning to play in addressing both the challenges and the opportunities within the tourism sector, particularly in key areas such as destination management and the pursuit of sustainability. Artificial intelligence can be leveraged for numerous applications within sustainable tourism, such as optimizing the allocation of resources, predicting tourist behavior to minimize environmental impact, and personalizing travel experiences in ways that promote responsible travel practices.

While not situated in Southeast Asia, IBT College's approach to education provides a relevant example of immersive learning technologies. IBT College utilizes mixed reality technology to deliver immersive and highly interactive educational experiences. This includes a substantial \$25 million platform designed to support both online and in-person classes, showcasing the significant potential of VR and AR in vocational training, which extends to the field of tourism. The development and adoption of dedicated extended reality (XR) platforms by institutions like IBT College suggest a growing trend of investment in immersive learning technologies as a means to both differentiate educational offerings and significantly enhance the overall learning experience for students. These platforms offer a wide range of capabilities, from the simulation of realistic work environments to the creation of interactive and engaging learning objects, thereby providing educators with powerful tools to captivate students and facilitate a deeper, more practical understanding of their chosen fields.

4. Digital Storytelling: Cultivating Narrative Skills for Tourism Promotion and Understanding

Digital storytelling, in the realm of education, involves the use of digital tools to create and share narratives. This approach can be a particularly potent method for enhancing communication and engagement, especially within the context of tourism education. Stories have the inherent ability to captivate audiences and convey information in a manner that is both memorable and impactful. In tourism education, digital storytelling techniques can be effectively employed to teach students how to promote destinations in compelling ways, foster a deeper understanding of cultural heritage, and communicate effectively and persuasively with travelers from diverse backgrounds.

Several instances highlight the application of digital storytelling in contexts relevant to tourism education, including in Southeast Asia. The Lasem Heritage Foundation in Indonesia provides a compelling case study. ¹⁸ This foundation has successfully utilized digital storytelling as a sustainable communication approach for managing cultural tourism in the Lasem region. Their use of platforms like Instagram and their website, branded as "Kesengsem Lasem," has effectively communicated and amplified the cultural values of the area, while also promoting sustainable tourism practices to a wider audience. Although this is not a university curriculum, it clearly demonstrates the significant potential of digital storytelling within the Indonesian tourism context. The success of the Lasem Heritage Foundation in leveraging digital storytelling for branding and promoting responsible tourism practices suggests that incorporating these techniques into university curricula could be highly beneficial in equipping students with valuable communication skills essential for the tourism industry. By analyzing real-world examples like this, students can learn how to craft compelling narratives that effectively resonate with target audiences and encourage responsible tourism behaviors.

James Madison University, a US-based institution, offers a program in Hue, Vietnam, focused on creative cross-cultural storytelling.¹⁹ This program, while an initiative from outside Southeast Asia, is highly relevant as it directly addresses the development of storytelling skills in a cross-cultural context, teaching students how to create engaging multimedia stories using still images, audio, and video. The emphasis on cross-cultural storytelling in this program underscores the critical importance of cultural sensitivity and effective intercultural communication within the global tourism industry. Students in this program learn to navigate the nuances of storytelling across different cultural perspectives, preparing them to communicate effectively with diverse audiences they will encounter in their future careers.

Far Eastern University (FEU) in the Philippines offers a Bachelor of Science in Tourism Management program through its Institute of Tourism and Hotel Management, which includes a specialization in "Tourism Digital Content Creation and Marketing". This specialization strongly suggests the integration of digital storytelling techniques within its curriculum. The inclusion of a dedicated specialization in digital content creation within a tourism program signifies the growing recognition of the pivotal role that digital media and storytelling skills play in the tourism industry, particularly in the areas of marketing and promotion. Universities are increasingly acknowledging the necessity of equipping students with the skills to create engaging digital content that can effectively attract and inform potential tourists in the online environment.

The Digital Storytelling and Innovation Network (DSIN) at Leeds Beckett University, although located outside Southeast Asia, conducts research on the impact of immersive storytelling within the context of modern globalization.²¹ Their focus on the confluence of technology, society, and culture in storytelling is highly relevant to the broader themes explored in this paper. The focus of research networks like DSIN on the intersection of technology and storytelling highlights the significant academic interest in understanding and leveraging these techniques across various fields, including tourism. This indicates a broader trend within academia towards recognizing the power of digital storytelling as a vital communication and engagement tool in an increasingly globalized world.

Furthermore, a Skillshare course titled "ChatGPT and the Tourism Industry" includes a module specifically focused on "Engaging Tourists Through Social Media". ²² This suggests the application of artificial intelligence in enhancing digital storytelling efforts for tourism marketing purposes. The emergence of courses dedicated to utilizing AI tools like ChatGPT for tourism storytelling indicates a growing awareness of how artificial intelligence can assist in crafting personalized and highly engaging narratives for marketing and promotional activities. Artificial intelligence can be a valuable aid in generating story ideas, refining existing narratives, and tailoring content to resonate with specific target audiences, thereby enhancing the overall effectiveness of digital storytelling in tourism promotion.

5. Destination Marketing and Advanced Storytelling: Shaping Perceptions and Attracting Visitors

The integration of destination marketing concepts is a crucial element within tourism programs at universities in Southeast Asia. Destination marketing, as a discipline, encompasses the various strategies and tactics employed to promote a specific geographical location with the aim of attracting visitors. It is essential that tourism education programs equip students with the foundational knowledge and the practical skills required to develop and implement effective destination marketing campaigns that can successfully enhance a location's appeal and draw in tourists.

A key aspect of contemporary destination marketing involves the application of advanced storytelling techniques to promote destinations effectively. Advanced storytelling in this context moves beyond simply providing basic descriptions of attractions and instead focuses on crafting compelling narratives that create emotional connections with potential visitors. These narratives often highlight unique experiences, delve into the cultural heritage of a place,

and aim to build a strong and positive perception of the destination. This process necessitates a deep understanding of the target audiences, the ability to craft narratives that resonate with them, and the skillful leveraging of various media channels to disseminate these stories effectively.

Developing persuasive marketing narratives is also central to destination marketing, as is the ability to build and maintain a strong brand identity for a destination. Tourism programs should teach students how to create these narratives that differentiate a destination from its competitors and establish a memorable and appealing brand. This involves a comprehensive understanding of brand identity, the ability to segment and target specific markets, and the development of effective and consistent communication strategies across all platforms.

Bangkok University International in Thailand offers a Bachelor of Arts in International Tourism and Hospitality Management program that aims to cultivate professionals with a strong entrepreneurial spirit. ²³ The curriculum includes specializations in areas such as international tourism and MICE (Meetings, Incentives, Conferences, and Exhibitions). A significant component of the program involves students learning how to create and sell their own tours, which strongly suggests an element of destination marketing is integrated within the curriculum. The emphasis on the practical act of creating and selling tours indicates that the Bangkok University program incorporates the practical application of destination marketing principles, where students are actively involved in learning how to develop and promote tourism products and experiences. This hands-on approach allows students to gain valuable experience in identifying and understanding target markets, crafting compelling tour itineraries that appeal to those markets, and grasping the essential sales and marketing aspects that underpin successful destination promotion.

Taylor's University in Malaysia offers a Bachelor of International Tourism Management (Honours) program that explicitly includes modules such as "Strategic Destination Marketing and Branding" within its curriculum.²⁷ The direct and specific inclusion of a module focused on strategic destination marketing and branding in Taylor's University's program underscores the significant importance that the institution places on equipping future tourism professionals in Malaysia with these critical skills. This dedicated module likely provides students with a comprehensive understanding of the key theories, established frameworks, and practical techniques that are essential for effectively developing and promoting tourism destinations in a competitive global market.

The University of Liverpool in the UK offers an MSc Tourism Marketing and Analytics program that includes a module titled "Destination Marketing and Branding". This module focuses on exploring key theories related to place and destination marketing and branding, as well as developing students' knowledge of how digital technologies can be leveraged in these efforts. While the University of Liverpool is located outside of Southeast Asia, the curriculum's strong focus on the integration of digital strategies in destination marketing is highly relevant to universities in Southeast Asia, as digital platforms have become increasingly central to tourism promotion worldwide. The emphasis on digital technologies within a destination marketing module highlights the critical and growing role of online platforms and digital tools in contemporary destination promotion strategies. Students in such programs learn how to effectively utilize various digital channels for marketing, branding, and engaging with potential tourists in the online environment, skills that are highly transferable and valuable in the Southeast Asian context.

Queensland College in Singapore offers a specialized "Destination Storytelling Course". This course is specifically designed to support tourism organizations in their efforts to create immersive and compelling narratives for marketing purposes. The existence of such a focused course underscores the tourism industry's growing recognition of the vital importance of storytelling as a key tool for effective destination promotion. The fact that an institution is offering a course solely dedicated to destination storytelling indicates a rising demand for professionals who are highly skilled in crafting narratives that can effectively attract and engage potential tourists, ultimately leading to increased visitation and revenue for destinations. Tourism organizations are increasingly realizing that authentic and engaging stories can forge stronger emotional connections with potential visitors compared to more traditional marketing approaches that may rely solely on factual information or promotional language.

6. Data Analytics and Market Insights: Driving Strategic Decision-Making in Tourism

The application of data analytics tools and the utilization of market insights are becoming increasingly integral to the field of tourism education within Southeast Asian universities. Data analytics, in its essence, involves the systematic process of examining data sets to draw inferences and make informed decisions. This capability is particularly valuable in the tourism industry, where understanding traveler behavior, identifying emerging market trends, and optimizing operational efficiency are critical for success. Consequently, it is essential for tourism education programs to incorporate comprehensive training in data analytics tools and

the interpretation of market insights to adequately prepare students for a future where datadriven decision-making is the norm.

Several examples illustrate the growing integration of data analytics in tourism education. The Bachelor of Business (Tourism and Hospitality) program at Global Academy at Siam University in Thailand includes data analysis as part of its curriculum. This inclusion indicates a clear recognition of the importance of data literacy for individuals aspiring to careers in the tourism and hospitality sectors. Graduates entering the industry today are expected to possess the ability to interpret complex data, identify significant trends, and effectively utilize these insights to inform their decision-making processes across various functional areas, including marketing, pricing strategies, and operational management.

The University of Liverpool in the UK offers an MSc Tourism Marketing and Analytics program that provides students with a robust foundation in both the core principles of marketing and the advanced techniques of data analytics.³⁰ The creation of specialized master's level programs that specifically focus on the intersection of tourism marketing and data analytics highlights the increasing demand within the tourism industry for professionals who possess expertise in both of these critical domains. The ability to analyze marketing data effectively and to derive actionable insights from that analysis is becoming an ever-more crucial competency for tourism businesses seeking to optimize their marketing strategies, enhance their overall performance, and achieve a competitive edge in the marketplace.

Asia Pacific University (APU) in Malaysia places a strong emphasis on the integration of digital technology and fosters a culture of innovation across its various programs. While the initial research did not yield specific examples of data analytics being explicitly taught within their tourism programs, APU's recognized status as a Premier Digital Tech Institution ³⁹ strongly suggests that data analytics concepts and tools relevant to the tourism industry are likely incorporated into their curriculum. Given APU's clear focus on technological advancements and its commitment to being at the forefront of digital education, it is highly probable that data analytics is an integral component of their tourism and hospitality programs. This integration would aim to equip students with the necessary skills to thrive in an industry that is undergoing a rapid digital transformation and is increasingly reliant on data to drive strategic decisions.

A key pedagogical goal of integrating data analytics into tourism education is to foster the development of data-informed decision-making skills among students. This is particularly important in areas such as the formulation of effective pricing strategies and the optimization of operational efficiency within tourism businesses. Data analytics can provide invaluable insights into understanding fluctuations in demand, analyzing competitor pricing models, and identifying opportunities to streamline operations, ultimately leading to improved efficiency and profitability. Therefore, it is crucial that tourism education programs effectively teach students how to utilize data to make strategic and impactful decisions in these key areas of the tourism industry. The increasing volume of big data available within the tourism sector ⁷ is a significant driving force behind the growing need for graduates who are not only comfortable working with data but also possess the analytical skills to interpret it and translate it into actionable business strategies. The digital transformation of the tourism industry has resulted in an unprecedented amount of data being generated from various sources, including online booking platforms, social media interactions, and customer feedback systems. Universities have a responsibility to equip their students with the necessary tools and techniques to effectively extract meaningful insights from this vast sea of data. Furthermore, the emerging application of artificial intelligence in the analysis of tourism-related data ⁷ indicates that future professionals in the tourism industry will need to understand how AI-powered tools can be leveraged to gain even deeper levels of insight and to automate many of the complex analytical processes involved in data interpretation and decision support.

7. E-Learning Platforms: Fostering Global Collaboration and Expanding Access

The utilization of e-learning platforms has become a significant aspect of higher education, and Southeast Asian universities are increasingly leveraging these platforms to facilitate global collaboration among their students, particularly within tourism programs. E-learning platforms, by their very nature, transcend traditional geographical boundaries, enabling students from diverse countries and cultural backgrounds to collaborate on academic assignments and participate in meaningful discussions. This not only enriches the learning experience by exposing students to different perspectives but also provides them with a crucial global perspective on the tourism industry, which is inherently international.

Several universities and initiatives in and around Southeast Asia exemplify the use of elearning platforms for fostering global collaboration in tourism education. Asia Pacific University (APU) in Malaysia, as previously noted, places a strong emphasis on digital learning and has established collaborations with universities in the United Kingdom, such as De Montfort University.³⁷ While specific examples of online collaborative projects for tourism students were not immediately apparent in the research, APU's commitment to digital education

and its existing international partnerships create a highly conducive environment for such collaborations to occur through various e-learning platforms. A university with a clear focus on digital learning technologies and a network of international connections is well-positioned to utilize e-learning platforms as a means of facilitating collaborative learning experiences for its student body, including those enrolled in tourism-related programs, across different geographical locations.

The SHARE project, an initiative aimed at strengthening regional cooperation within higher education in the ASEAN region, includes a focus on the study and promotion of virtual exchange schemes. 48 While not exclusively dedicated to tourism education, the SHARE project highlights a broader regional interest in leveraging online platforms to foster collaboration and internationalization within the universities of Southeast Asia, which could certainly extend to their tourism programs. Initiatives like the SHARE project demonstrate a policy-level recognition of the value of online collaboration and international engagement in higher education within the ASEAN region, suggesting a supportive framework for the development and implementation of virtual exchange programs in various disciplines, including tourism.

The Global Travel and Tourism Partnership (GTTP) operates on a global scale, providing e-learning resources and curriculum materials in the fields of tourism and hospitality. While not a university itself, GTTP's extensive reach touches numerous students and educators worldwide. Their partnership with Travel Uni has further expanded their ability to deliver free e-learning opportunities to a vast audience. The significant reach and engagement of GTTP's e-learning programs in tourism and hospitality indicate a substantial global demand for online learning resources in this field. Southeast Asian universities can potentially leverage these existing resources or explore collaborations with organizations like GTTP to enhance their own online offerings and facilitate global learning experiences for their students. The popularity and widespread use of GTTP's platform suggest that there is a considerable number of individuals seeking online education and training opportunities within the tourism sector, thereby creating potential avenues for universities to broaden their reach and possibly develop collaborative programs that extend beyond their immediate geographical boundaries.

The benefits of utilizing e-learning platforms in tourism education are numerous. Primarily, these platforms effectively eliminate the constraints of geographical boundaries, allowing students to interact with peers and instructors from a wide range of cultural backgrounds. This exposure significantly enriches their overall learning experience and better prepares them for the inherently global nature of the tourism industry. Collaborative online

projects facilitated by these platforms can provide students with invaluable opportunities to work together on international case studies, thereby gaining firsthand insights into the diverse tourism markets and operational practices that exist across different regions of the world.

The increasing prevalence of Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) and other online degree programs offered by institutions across Asia 50 is also providing tourism students with a greater number of options for flexible and more accessible educational opportunities. These online formats can often include elements of global collaboration, allowing students to interact with peers from different countries. The rise of online education platforms is democratizing access to learning, enabling students to enroll in courses and programs offered by universities around the world. This increased accessibility naturally leads to greater opportunities for interaction and collaboration with international peers, fostering a more globally connected learning environment. Furthermore, the development of virtual tourism programs that are based on virtual reality (VR) technology and designed for collaboration between ASEAN countries and South Korea 51 indicates a growing interest in integrating immersive technologies within elearning environments. This innovative approach aims to enhance the learning experience for tourism students and also to promote tourism within the region. Combining the flexibility of elearning platforms with the engaging and interactive nature of VR can create truly immersive educational experiences, allowing students to virtually explore various destinations and collaborate on projects within these simulated environments, thus bridging the gap between physical distance and experiential learning.

8. Digital Marketing Simulations: Bridging the Gap Between Theory and Practice

Digital marketing simulations are increasingly being employed in tourism and hospitality programs at universities in Southeast Asia as a valuable pedagogical tool. These simulations provide students with a virtual environment in which they can formulate, execute, and analyze digital marketing strategies specifically tailored for online tourism enterprises. By engaging with these simulations, students are afforded the opportunity to apply the theoretical knowledge they have acquired in a practical, albeit virtual, setting. This hands-on experience allows them to experiment with different marketing approaches, observe the simulated market response, and learn from the outcomes of their strategic decisions in a risk-free manner.

A primary focus of these digital marketing simulations is to enable students to gain practical experience in formulating and executing comprehensive digital marketing strategies for online tourism enterprises. The simulations often replicate real-world scenarios that students

might encounter in the industry, requiring them to make critical decisions related to various aspects of digital marketing. These can include the strategic allocation of budgets for online advertising campaigns, the development and implementation of social media marketing plans, the application of search engine optimization (SEO) techniques to improve online visibility, and the creation of engaging and effective content marketing strategies. Students are then able to analyze the results of their implemented strategies, often through simulated market feedback and performance metrics, which allows them to iteratively adjust their approach and refine their marketing skills based on the simulated outcomes.

The effectiveness of digital marketing simulations lies in their ability to directly connect theoretical comprehension with the practicalities of hands-on implementation. These simulations serve as a crucial bridge, allowing students to move beyond simply understanding marketing concepts to actually applying them in a dynamic and interactive environment. By providing a safe space for experimentation and learning from mistakes without real-world consequences, these simulations significantly enhance students' understanding of the often-complex nature of digital marketing in the tourism industry. They also play a vital role in developing students' problem-solving skills, as they are challenged to analyze situations, make strategic choices, and adapt their strategies based on the simulated market responses they observe.

Global Academy at Siam University in Thailand, as mentioned earlier, offers a Bachelor of Business (Tourism and Hospitality) program that emphasizes hands-on experience through the use of simulations and industry-standard booking systems. ¹¹ While the specific nature of these simulations is not detailed in the provided information, it is highly likely that they include elements of digital marketing relevant to the tourism and hospitality sector. The integration of simulations alongside real-world industry booking platforms suggests a deliberate focus on providing students with practical skills that are directly applicable to the technologies and systems commonly used within the industry, potentially encompassing various digital marketing tools and techniques. By working with both simulated scenarios and actual industry booking platforms, students can gain a more comprehensive understanding of how these systems operate in practice and how they can be effectively utilized for marketing and sales activities within the tourism sector.

Taylor's University in Malaysia, while the provided snippets mention a "Management Game" simulation at Taylor's College, School of Hospitality and Tourism that focuses on the broader aspects of developing and marketing a tourist site ⁵², does not explicitly detail the use

of specific digital marketing simulations within its tourism and hospitality programs. However, Taylor's University is known for its strong industry connections and its emphasis on providing students with practical, industry-relevant skills.²⁸ Given this focus, it is plausible that their tourism and hospitality programs do incorporate digital marketing simulations as a means of providing students with hands-on experience in this increasingly critical area of the industry, even if such simulations were not explicitly highlighted in the initial research. Universities that maintain close ties with the industry are generally inclined to integrate practical learning methodologies, such as simulations, into their curricula to ensure that their graduates possess the specific skills that employers are actively seeking, and in the contemporary tourism industry, digital marketing expertise is undoubtedly a highly sought-after competency.

The increasing reliance of online tourism enterprises on the implementation of effective digital marketing strategies ⁵⁴ underscores the importance of incorporating digital marketing simulations into tourism education. These simulations play a crucial role in preparing graduates who are not only familiar with the theoretical underpinnings of digital marketing but also possess the practical skills necessary to contribute to the success of online tourism businesses. As more and more tourists turn to online platforms for planning and booking their travel experiences, it becomes essential for tourism businesses to employ professionals who have a solid understanding of how to leverage various digital channels to effectively reach and engage their target audiences. Furthermore, the integration of industry-standard booking systems into some tourism programs alongside digital marketing simulations ¹² provides students with a more authentic and realistic learning experience. This exposure to the actual tools and platforms used in the tourism industry helps to bridge the gap between the academic environment and the professional world, making graduates more immediately effective and valuable to potential employers. Familiarity with these industry-specific software and systems can provide graduates with a significant advantage when they enter the job market, as they will already have some practical experience using the very tools that many tourism businesses rely on for their day-today operations.

9. Artificial Intelligence: Enhancing Data Analysis, Pricing Optimization, and Operational Efficiency Learning

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) is beginning to be explored within tourism education programs at universities in Southeast Asia, particularly for enhancing learning in areas such as data analysis, pricing strategy optimization, and operational efficiency. Artificial

intelligence offers a suite of powerful tools and techniques for analyzing large and complex datasets, identifying underlying patterns and trends, and generating predictions, all of which can be exceptionally valuable within the dynamic and data-rich tourism industry. As such, tourism education programs are increasingly recognizing the need to introduce AI concepts and practical applications into their curricula to prepare students for the evolving technological landscape of the sector.

One of the key areas where AI is being integrated into tourism education is in teaching students about pricing strategy optimization. AI algorithms possess the capability to analyze a multitude of factors that influence pricing in the tourism industry, including market demand, competitor pricing strategies, seasonal variations, and even real-time events. 46 By learning how these AI tools work and how to interpret their outputs, students can gain a deeper understanding of the principles of yield management and dynamic pricing, which are crucial for maximizing revenue and profitability in hotels, airlines, and other tourism-related businesses. Furthermore, AI is also being applied to the improvement of operational efficiency across various aspects of the tourism industry. This includes areas such as enhancing customer service through AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants, optimizing the allocation of resources based on predictive analytics, and even implementing predictive maintenance schedules for equipment and facilities. Tourism education programs that incorporate these AI applications into their teaching are equipping students with the knowledge and skills to contribute to more efficient and effective operations within the industry.

The potential for artificial intelligence to significantly enhance profitability and overall competitiveness within the tourism sector is substantial. By enabling more sophisticated and accurate data analysis, facilitating the implementation of optimized pricing strategies, and contributing to greater operational efficiency, AI can play a key role in driving increased profitability for tourism businesses. Consequently, graduates from tourism education programs who possess a solid understanding of AI applications within the industry are likely to be highly sought after by employers looking to leverage these technological advancements.

PIB College in Bali, Indonesia, as part of its Sustainable Tourism Destination Management program, includes a dedicated "AI in Tourism Workshop". ¹⁷ The inclusion of this workshop indicates an intentional effort to introduce students to the fundamental concepts of artificial intelligence and their relevance within the context of tourism, particularly in addressing sustainability challenges and optimizing various operational practices. Artificial intelligence can be a valuable tool in analyzing environmental data related to tourism, predicting

the potential impact of tourism activities on local ecosystems, and optimizing the utilization of resources to promote more sustainable tourism development practices.

The Singapore Institute of Technology (SIT) has taken a significant step in this direction by launching a new and innovative undergraduate program: the Bachelor of Integrated Studies in Business and Infocomm Technology (BISBICT) with dual specializations in Hospitality and Tourism Management (HTM) and Artificial Intelligence (AI).⁵⁸ This program is noteworthy as it is the first of its kind in Singapore, explicitly combining the study of hospitality and tourism management with a deep dive into the principles and applications of artificial intelligence. The creation of such a dedicated program at the undergraduate level demonstrates a strong institutional commitment to preparing graduates with the specific and interdisciplinary skills that are anticipated to be essential for the future of the hospitality and tourism industry. This initiative recognizes the transformative potential of AI within these sectors and aims to equip students with a comprehensive understanding of both the business and technological aspects.

RMIT University in Vietnam has also acknowledged the significant potential of AI to be a transformative force within Vietnam's tourism industry. How articles from the university highlight the various ways in which AI can be applied in tourism, including predicting fluctuations in demand, implementing dynamic pricing strategies to optimize revenue, and providing personalized recommendations to enhance the tourist experience. This public recognition of AI's importance suggests that universities within Vietnam, including RMIT, are likely in the process of exploring or are already actively integrating AI-related concepts and applications into their tourism education programs to ensure that their students are well-prepared for this rapidly evolving landscape. As the tourism sector in Vietnam increasingly adopts AI for a wide range of applications, it will be crucial for universities in the country to adapt their curricula to ensure that their graduates possess the necessary knowledge and skills to effectively contribute to and navigate this technological transformation.

The broader trend of increasing investment in artificial intelligence and big data analytics within the education sector across Asia ⁴³ further supports the notion that the integration of AI into tourism education in Southeast Asia is a significant and growing area of focus. The widespread recognition of the power of data-driven decision-making is leading to an increased adoption of both AI and analytics across a diverse range of academic disciplines, and tourism is no exception. Furthermore, the specific emphasis on utilizing AI for pricing optimization within the tourism industry ⁴⁶ reflects the inherently dynamic nature of the tourism market. Businesses in this sector must be able to quickly and effectively adjust their pricing strategies

in response to constantly changing demand patterns and the actions of their competitors. Alpowered pricing tools offer a sophisticated solution by enabling tourism businesses to automatically adjust their prices in real-time based on current market conditions, thereby helping them to maximize their revenue and overall profitability.

10. Case Studies in Southeast Asian Universities: Synthesis and Comparative Analysis

The research material provides several examples of Southeast Asian universities that are actively integrating various technologies into their tourism education programs. A synthesis of these examples allows for a comparative analysis of the different approaches, successes, and challenges faced by these institutions.

Global Academy at Siam University in Thailand utilizes simulations across various business aspects of its Bachelor of Business (Tourism and Hospitality) program, including potential digital marketing applications. The program also emphasizes data analysis skills and leverages e-learning platforms for instruction.¹¹

The Asian Institute of Hospitality Management (AIHM) in Thailand offers an immersive learning environment through its campuses located within operational hotels. While not explicitly detailing specific digital technologies beyond this real-world setting, AIHM utilizes e-learning platforms and emphasizes practical skills development in its BBA in Global Hospitality Management program.¹¹

PIB College in Bali, Indonesia, incorporates an "AI in Tourism Workshop" into its Sustainable Tourism Destination Management program, indicating an early adoption of AI-related topics. The program also features hands-on workshops and utilizes e-learning platforms.¹⁷

Asia Pacific University (APU) in Malaysia has implemented a virtual tour of its campus using photo-stitching techniques, demonstrating the use of VR for promotional and potentially educational purposes. APU, recognized as a Premier Digital Tech Institution, likely integrates data analytics and utilizes e-learning platforms extensively across its programs, including tourism.³⁶

Taylor's University in Malaysia includes a dedicated module on "Strategic Destination Marketing and Branding" in its Bachelor of International Tourism Management (Honours) program, indicating a focus on these concepts. While specific digital marketing simulations were not explicitly mentioned in the initial snippets, the university's emphasis on practical skills

suggests their potential use. Taylor's University also utilizes e-learning platforms for its programs.²⁷

Far Eastern University (FEU) in the Philippines offers a specialization in "Tourism Digital Content Creation and Marketing," suggesting the integration of digital storytelling techniques into its tourism program. FEU also likely utilizes e-learning platforms for its educational delivery.²⁰

Singapore Institute of Technology (SIT) has launched a groundbreaking Bachelor of Integrated Studies in Business and Infocomm Technology (BISBICT) with dual specializations in Hospitality and Tourism Management and Artificial Intelligence, demonstrating a significant commitment to AI integration in tourism education. SIT also utilizes e-learning platforms for its programs.⁵⁸

Bangkok University International in Thailand emphasizes digital technologies in its BA in International Tourism and Hospitality Management program, where students learn to create and sell tours. The program likely incorporates aspects of destination marketing and utilizes elearning platforms.²³

RMIT University in Vietnam acknowledges the potential of AI in tourism and likely integrates AI concepts into its tourism programs. RMIT also utilizes e-learning platforms for its educational offerings.⁴⁶

The following table summarizes the key technologies identified as being used in tourism education across these Southeast Asian universities:

| Unive rsity | Count | Virtu al Exped itions | Imme rsive Learn ing | Digita l Storyt elling | Destin ation Mark eting & Storyt elling | Data Analy tics | E- Learn ing Platfo rms | Digita l Mark eting Simul ations | Artifi cial Intelli gence |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Global Acade my at Siam Univer sity | Thaila nd | | Simul ations | | | Yes | Yes | Yes | |

| Asian Institu te of Hospit ality Manag ement (AIH M) | Thaila nd | | Real- world hotel | | | | Yes | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-----|
| PIB Colleg e | Indone sia | | AI Works hop | | | | Yes | | Yes |
| Asia Pacific Univer sity (APU) | Malay sia | Virtua 1 Tour | | | | Yes | Yes | | |
| Taylor 's Univer | Malay sia | | | | Yes | | Yes | Simul ation | |
| Far Easter n Univer sity (FEU) | Philip pines | | | Yes | | | Yes | | |
| Singap ore Institu te of Techn ology (SIT) | Singap ore | | | | | | Yes | | Yes |
| Bangk ok Univer sity Intern ational | Thaila nd | | | | Yes | | Yes | | |

| RMIT Univer | Vietna m | P | | Yes | Yes |
|----------------|-------------|---|--|-----|-----|
| sity | | | | | |

This preliminary analysis indicates that while the adoption of various technologies is evident across these Southeast Asian universities, the depth and breadth of integration can vary considerably. For instance, e-learning platforms appear to be a foundational technology widely adopted for educational delivery and potentially for supporting other technological integrations. Some universities are beginning to incorporate more advanced immersive technologies like AI, while others focus on experiential learning through simulations or real-world settings. The specific choices and the extent of technology integration likely depend on factors such as the university's strategic priorities, available resources, faculty expertise, and the specific needs of their tourism programs and students.

11. Discussion and Synthesis: Emerging Trends and Pedagogical Implications

Several emerging trends are evident in the integration of technology within Southeast Asian tourism education. There is a clear increase in the adoption of immersive learning technologies, such as virtual and augmented reality, moving beyond basic online learning tools. Digital storytelling is also gaining traction as a valuable method for enhancing communication and engagement, particularly in promoting destinations and understanding cultural heritage. Furthermore, there is a growing emphasis on the integration of data analytics and artificial intelligence to equip students with the skills needed for data-driven decision-making in the tourism industry. E-learning platforms continue to serve as a crucial foundation, providing flexibility and enabling collaboration among students and educators. Finally, many programs are focusing on practical application through the use of simulations and the provision of real-world, industry-based experiences.

The pedagogical implications of utilizing these technologies are significant. Immersive experiences offered by VR and AR can lead to enhanced student engagement and a deeper understanding of complex concepts through visualization and direct interaction. The development of practical skills is also facilitated by simulations and hands-on experiences, better preparing students for the technological demands of the tourism and hospitality industry. Moreover, these technologies can enable personalized learning pathways and allow for self-paced instruction, catering to diverse learning needs. The use of e-learning platforms and

collaborative tools can also foster increased communication and teamwork among students, both locally and globally.

However, the widespread adoption of these technologies is not without its challenges. The initial and ongoing costs associated with implementing and maintaining advanced technologies can be a significant barrier for some institutions. There is also a crucial need for faculty training and ongoing support to ensure that educators are proficient in using these tools effectively and can integrate them into their pedagogical practices in meaningful ways. Ensuring equitable access to technology for all students is another important consideration, as disparities in resources and infrastructure can create a digital divide. Despite these challenges, the opportunities presented by technology integration in tourism education are substantial. These technologies have the potential to significantly enhance the quality of education, attract a more diverse and digitally native student body, and ultimately produce graduates who are highly competitive in the global tourism job market.

The early but growing trend of integrating artificial intelligence into tourism education suggests a proactive and forward-thinking approach by some Southeast Asian universities to prepare their students for the future trajectory of the industry. Recognizing the transformative potential of AI, these institutions are taking initial steps to equip their graduates with the foundational skills and knowledge needed to navigate and thrive in an increasingly AI-driven tourism sector. Furthermore, collaborations between universities and industry partners, such as the relationship between AIHM and Minor Hotels, appear to be a critical factor in the successful integration of practical and industry-relevant technologies into tourism education programs. These partnerships provide universities with access to cutting-edge technologies, industry-specific expertise, and valuable opportunities for student internships and experiential learning, ensuring that the curriculum remains current, relevant, and aligned with the evolving needs of the tourism industry.

12. Conclusion and Recommendations: Charting the Future of Technology Integration in Tourism Education

This analysis has highlighted the increasing integration of various immersive technologies within tourism education programs at universities across Southeast Asia. These technologies, ranging from virtual expeditions and immersive learning experiences to digital storytelling, data analytics, e-learning platforms, digital marketing simulations, and artificial intelligence, are beginning to reshape the pedagogical landscape of tourism education in the

region. The pedagogical benefits observed include enhanced student engagement, improved comprehension of complex concepts, the development of practical and industry-relevant skills, and the fostering of global collaboration and intercultural exchange.

However, the journey towards widespread and effective technology integration is not without its challenges. These include the financial investment required for infrastructure and software, the necessity for comprehensive faculty training and ongoing technical support, and the critical need to ensure equitable access to these technologies for all students, regardless of their socioeconomic background or geographical location.

To effectively leverage the transformative potential of technology in tourism education in Southeast Asia, the following recommendations are offered:

- **Invest in robust technological infrastructure:** Universities need to prioritize investments in reliable internet connectivity, appropriate hardware and software, and dedicated technical support to facilitate the seamless integration of immersive technologies into their programs.
- Develop comprehensive faculty training programs: Institutions should implement
 training initiatives to enhance faculty members' digital literacy and equip them with
 the pedagogical skills required to effectively utilize these technologies in their
 teaching practices.
- Strategically design curricula: Tourism education programs should be thoughtfully
 designed to integrate immersive technologies in ways that directly enhance learning
 outcomes and align with industry needs. This includes identifying specific learning
 objectives that can be effectively addressed through technology-enhanced activities.
- Foster collaborations with industry partners: Universities should actively seek
 and cultivate partnerships with tourism industry stakeholders and technology
 providers to ensure the relevance of their programs and to gain access to cutting-edge
 technologies and real-world learning opportunities for their students.
- Promote research and the sharing of best practices: Encouraging research into
 the effectiveness of different technology integration strategies and facilitating the
 sharing of best practices among universities within the region can accelerate the
 overall advancement of technology-enhanced tourism education.

Looking towards the future, several avenues for further research emerge in this evolving field. Longitudinal studies could investigate the long-term impact of immersive technologies

on the career success and professional development of graduates in the tourism industry. Research could also explore the effectiveness of different pedagogical approaches when utilizing these technologies, identifying the most impactful methods for various learning objectives. Furthermore, examining the role of technology in promoting education for sustainable and responsible tourism practices is a critical area for future inquiry. Finally, conducting additional case studies across a broader range of Southeast Asian universities would provide a more comprehensive understanding of the current landscape and the diverse approaches being adopted.

The successful and sustainable integration of technology in tourism education in Southeast Asia will likely hinge on a collaborative and coordinated effort involving universities, government bodies, and the tourism industry itself. By working together to create a supportive ecosystem that prioritizes investment, policy support, and industry alignment, stakeholders can ensure that educational programs remain relevant, innovative, and ultimately produce graduates who are well-equipped to drive the future growth and development of the tourism sector in the region. Continuous monitoring and rigorous evaluation of technology integration initiatives will also be essential to identify what strategies are most effective and to adapt approaches as both technology and the tourism industry continue their rapid evolution.

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